Deconstruct a Chrysalis

(SATB version)

Text: Leanne Veitch

Music: Michael Winikoff

deconstruct a chrysalis unravel the twisted thread pull apart the gossamer

take a look nothing inside but a shrivelled corpse

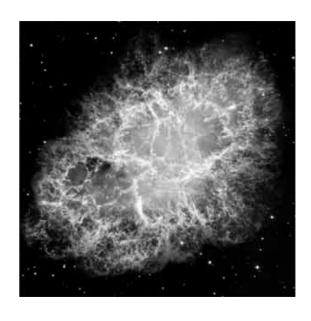
no pulse, no beating heart no wings, perhaps the tiniest hint of a shroud that once might have flown

now the gift is gone

deconstruct the universe unravel the twisted mind pull apart the skin, the eyes

take a look nothing inside but a shrivelled heart now pulled apart





Program Notes

This piece is dedicated to Leanne, without whom it wouldn't exist.

American poet John Greenleaf Whittier (1807-1892) wrote in his poem Maud Muller: "For of all sad words of tongue or pen, the saddest are these: 'It might have been!", and these sentiments are echoed here.

The first thing that struck me when reading Leanne's poem, apart from its vivid imagery, was the almost unspeakable sadness evoked by the poem, and especially the regret, the "what-if" of a butterfly that "might have flown".

The poem is about the futility of using reductionism in an attempt to understand life, and the universe. It also highlights the violent nature of taking things apart to see how they work: pulling apart the gossamer, pulling apart the skin, the eyes.

In setting the poem I have tried to capture the violence ("pull apart"), the horror ("take a look"), and the unspeakable sadness ("of a shroud that [once¹] might have flown"). The climax of the work is the second repetition of "nothing inside" (third last line, bars 83-88).

Performance Notes

Consonants in brackets should not be pronounced – they are there to indicate what the word is. The chant in the first bar could be a solo (conductor's discretion). Also, all tempo markings are suggestions and should be modified by the conductor to suit the choir and venue.

In long sustained notes the choir should stagger breathing as needed.

In bars 33-47 the tenors and basses should sound like drumming, and for the sopranos (in bars 35-41) each 4 beat phrase should be phrased (think of a soaring bird!). The altos in bars 38-42 should come through.

The climax of the work is bars 84-87, and the diminuendo should not start too early.

In the final section if the second basses cannot sing the low E-flat then they should sing the first bass B-flat, and the first basses should sing the E-flat above it (i.e. the second bass part is sung an octave higher, by the first basses, and the second basses sing the first bass part as written).

The various short solos should be sung by choir members. Some of the solos can be done by a soprano or alto. However, the solo from bar 82 needs to be a first soprano (high A-flat).

Small notes (e.g. altos from bar 96) indicate an optional divisi.

Note: The piano reduction is designed to be a playable part that will provide support in rehearsals, rather than being a complete reduction.

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¹ The word "once" has been omitted from the setting with the poet's permission.

















